



Features:

- \diamond Standard T-1 3/4 package.
- \diamond Bulk, Available on tape and reel.
- \diamond Hi-Eff Red and Yellow Green chips are matched for uniform light output.
- $\diamond~$ Without Common Polarity.
- $\diamond~$ Long life solid state reliability.
- $\diamond~$ Low power consumption.
- $\diamond~$ I.C. compatible.
- $\diamond~$ The product itself will remain within RoHS complaint Version.

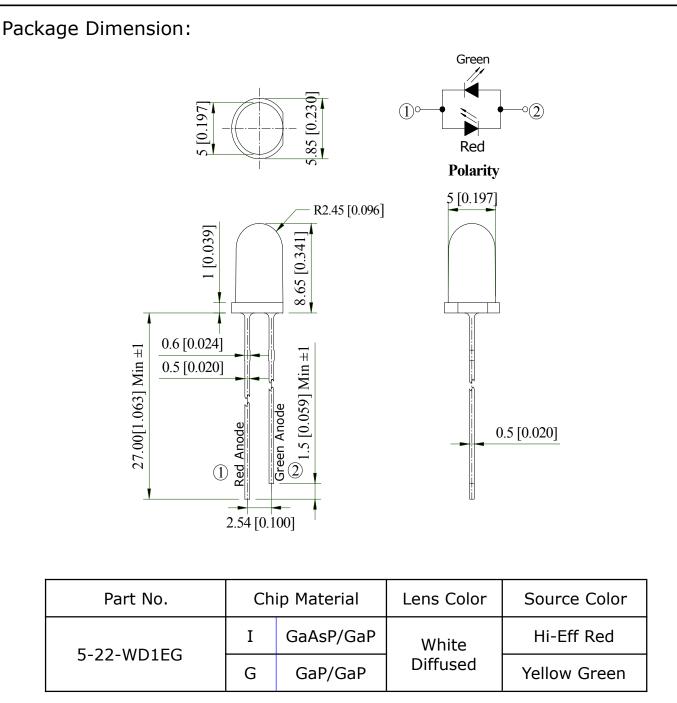
Descriptions:

- $\diamond~$ The lamp contain two integral chips and is available bicolor.
- ◇ The Hi-Eff Red and Yellow Green light is emitted by diodes of GaAsP/GaP and GaP respectively.

Applications:

- \diamond TV set.
- \diamond Monitor.
- \diamond Telephone.
- \diamond Computer.
- \diamond Circuit board.





Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Tolerance is \pm 0.25mm (.010") unless otherwise noted.
- 3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.00mm (.039") max.
- 4. Specifications are subject to change without notice.





Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25°C

Parameters		Symbol	Max.	Unit		
Power Dissipation	Red	PD	78	mW		
Power Dissipation	Yellow Green		78	11100		
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pul	se Width)	IFP	100	mA		
Red Chip Forward Current		IF	30	mA		
Yellow Green Chip Forward Current		IF	30	mA		
Reverse Voltage	Reverse Voltage		5	V		
Electrostatic Discharge (HBM)	Red	ESD	2000	V		
	Yellow Green	ESD	2000	V		
Operating Temperature Rang	је	Topr	-40℃ to	o +85℃		
Storage Temperature Range		Tstg	-40℃ to +100℃			
Lead Soldering Temperature [4mm (.157") From Body]		Tsld	260°C for 5 Seconds			





Parameters	Symbol	Emitting Color	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Luminous Intensity *	IV	Red	1	6			IF=20mA (Note 1)
		Yellow Green	6	13		mcd	
Viewing Angle *	20 _{1/2}	Red		60		Deg	IF=20mA (Note 2)
		Yellow Green		60		Deg	
Peak Emission Wavelength	λр	Red		645		nm	IF=20mA
		Yellow Green		565			
Dominant Wavelength	λd	Red		630		nm	IF=20mA (Note 3)
		Yellow Green		570			
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ	Red		45			IF=20mA
		Yellow Green		30		nm	
Forward Voltage	ard Voltage VF	Red	1.60	2.00	2.60	V	IE-20m 1
		Yellow Green	1.60	2.20	2.60	V	IF=20mA
Reverse Current	IR	Red			10		V _R =5V
		Yellow Green			10	μA	

Notes:

1. Luminous Intensity Measurement allowance is \pm 10%.

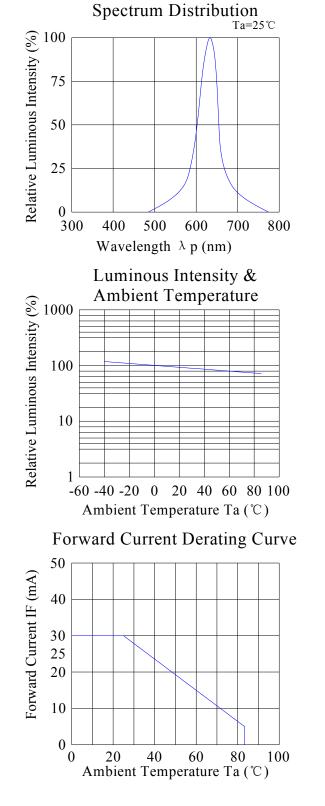
2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

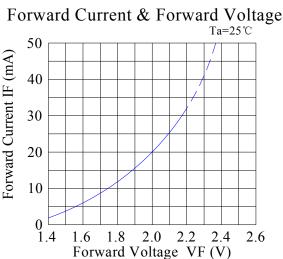
3. The dominant wavelength (λ d) is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.



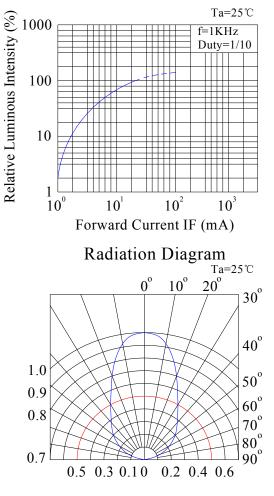


Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves (25℃ Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted) Red:





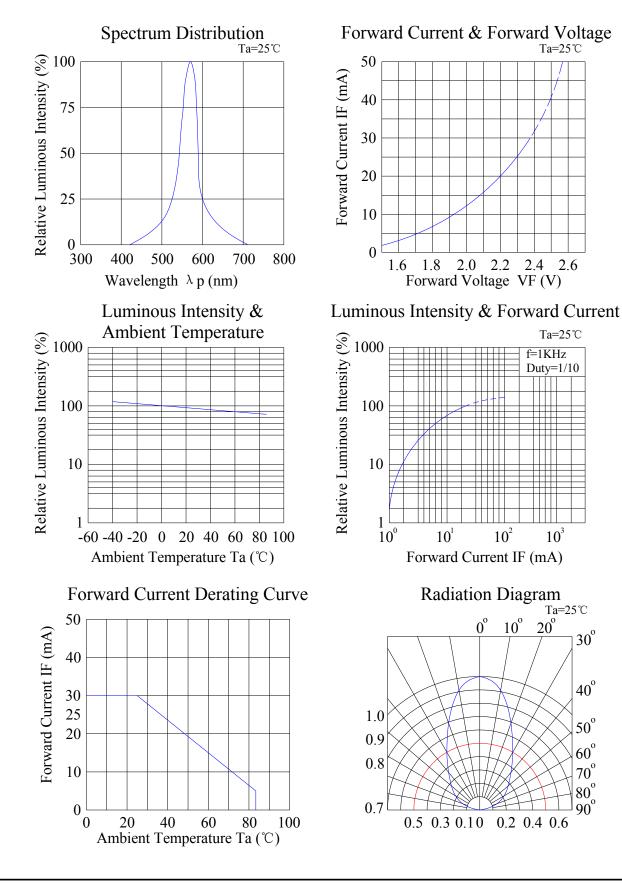
Luminous Intensity & Forward Current







Green:







Reliability Test Items And Conditions:

The reliability of products shall be satisfied with items listed below:

Confidence level: 90%.

LTPD: 10%.

1) Test Items and Results:

Test Item	Standard Test Method	Test Conditions	Note	Number of Damaged
Resistance to Soldering Heat	JEITA ED-4701 300 302	Tsld=260±5℃, 10sec 3mm from the base of the epoxy bulb	1 time	0/100
Solder ability	JEITA ED-4701 300 303	Tsld=235±5℃, 5sec (using flux)	1time over 95%	0/100
Thermal Shock	JEITA ED-4701 300 307	0℃~100℃ 15sec, 15sec	100 cycles	0/100
Temperature Cycle	JEITA ED-4701 100 105	-40℃~25℃~100℃~25℃ 30min, 5min, 30min, 5min	100 cycles	0/100
Moisture Resistance Cycle	JEITA ED-4701 200 203	25℃~65℃~-10℃ 90%RH 24hrs/1cycle	10 cycles	0/100
High Temperature Storage	JEITA ED-4701 200 201	Ta=100℃	1000hrs	0/100
Terminal Strength (Pull test)	JEITA ED-4701 400 401	Load 10N (1kgf) 10±1sec	No noticeable damage	0/100
Terminal Strength (bending test)	JEITA ED-4701 400 401	Load 5N (0.5kgf) 0°~90°~0° bend 2 times	No noticeable damage	0/100
Temperature Humidity Storage	JEITA ED-4701 100 103	Ta=60℃, RH=90%	1000hrs	0/100
Low Temperature Storage	JEITA ED-4701 200 202	Ta=-40℃	1000hrs	0/100
Steady State Operating Life		Ta=25℃, IF=30mA	1000hrs	0/100
Steady State Operating Life of High Humidity Heat		Ta=60℃, RH=90%, IF=30mA	500hrs	0/100
Steady State Operating Life of Low Temperature		Ta=-30℃, IF=20mA	1000hrs	0/100

2) Criteria for Judging the Damage:

Itom	Symbol Test Conditions	Tast Conditions	Criteria for Judgment		
Item		Min	Max		
Forward Voltage	VF	IF=20mA		F.V.*)×1.1	
Reverse Current	IR	VR=5V		F.V.*)×2.0	
Luminous Intensity	IV	IF=20mA	F.V.*)×0.7		

*) F.V.: First Value.





r				
Please read the foll	owing notes be	fore using the	product:	
1. Over-current-proof				
Customer must apply resistors for protection, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big curren				
change (Burn out will h	appen).			
2. Storage				
2.1 Do not open moistu	re proof bag before t	the products are re	eady to use.	
2.2 Before opening the	package, the LEDs s	hould be kept at 3	0° C or less and 80%	RH or less.
2.3 The LEDs should be	used within a year.			
2.4 After opening the p	ackage, the LEDs sho	ould be kept at 30	$^{ m C}$ or less and 60%R	H or less.
2.5 The LEDs should be	used within 168 hou	ırs (7 days) after	opening the package	
3. Soldering Iron				
Each terminal is to go t	o the tip of soldering	iron temperature	less than 260 $^\circ\!\!\!{\rm C}$ for	5 seconds
within once in less than	the soldering iron ca	pacity 25W. Leave	e two seconds and m	ore intervals,
and do soldering of eac	n terminal. Be carefu	l because the dam	age of the product is	often started
at the time of the hand	solder.			
4. Soldering				
When soldering, for Lan	np without stopper ty	pe and must be le	ave a minimum of 3r	nm clearance
from the base of the ler	ns to the soldering po	pint.		
To avoided the Epoxy cl	imb up on lead frame	e and was impact	o non-soldering prol	olem, dipping
the lens into the solder	must be avoided.			
Do not apply any extern	nal stress to the lead	frame during sold	ering while the LED	is at high
temperature.				
Recommended solderin	g conditions:			
Solo	lering Iron	Wave Soldering		
Temperature	300℃ Max.	Pre-heat	100°C Max.	
Soldering Time	3 sec. Max. (one time only)	Pre-heat Time Solder Wave	60 sec. Max. 260℃ Max.	
		Soldering Time	5 sec. Max.	
Note: Excessive soldering te	emperature and / or time	e might result in defo	rmation of the LED lens	or catastrophic
failure of the LED.				
5. Repairing				
Repair should not be do				
double-head soldering				ether the
characteristics of the LI	Ds will or will not be	e damaged by repa	airing.	
6. Caution in ESD				
		3 IF is us says and the set of		the set of

Static Electricity and surge damages the LED. It is recommended to use a wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling the LED. All devices equipment and machinery must be properly grounded.